

New England Common Assessment Program

Released Items
Support Materials
2010

Grade 5 Reading

- 4.3.2 Shows breadth of vocabulary knowledge through demonstrating understanding of word meanings or relationships by selecting appropriate words to use in context, including content specific vocabulary, words with multiple meanings, or precise vocabulary
- **1** Which sentence uses the word <u>set</u> to mean "changed"?
 - A. Ethan <u>set</u> an extra place at the dinner table for his guest.
 - B. Marisa <u>set</u> her clock back one hour to be on time.
 - C. The glue <u>set</u> before Cindy moved on to the next step.
 - D. John and Marty set a time to meet on the playground.
 - **4.3.1** Shows breadth of vocabulary knowledge through demonstrating understanding of word meanings or relationships by identifying synonyms, antonyms, homonyms/homophones, or shades of meaning
- 2 An antonym (opposite meaning) for the word soak is
 - A. melt.
 - B. rub.
 - C. dry.
 - D. tear.

- **4.4.1 Demonstrate initial understanding of elements of literary texts by** identifying or describing character(s), setting, problem/solution, major events, or plot, as appropriate to text; or identifying any significant changes in character(s) over time
- 3 At the beginning of the folktale, what are the sons supposed to do at home?
 - A. study their lessons
 - B. plant the garden
 - C. take care of the house
 - D. guard the treasure
 - **4.4.2 Demonstrate initial understanding of elements of literary texts by** paraphrasing or summarizing key ideas/plot, with <u>major events sequenced</u>, as appropriate to text
- **4** Which event happens **first** in the folktale?
 - A. The father reveals his secret to his sons.
 - B. The father admits that his sons are lazy.
 - C. The sons dig up the entire field in search of gold.
 - D. The neighbor asks if the sons are helping their father.

- 4.5.3 Analyze and interpret elements of literary texts, citing evidence where appropriate by making inferences about problem, conflict, or solution
- **5** What **finally** convinces the father that his sons are lazy?
 - A. The neighbor asks many questions about the sons' help.
 - B. The sons continue to make excuses for not working.
 - C. The father grows older and needs the sons' help.
 - D. The sons continue to study and take care of the house.
 - 4.5.2 Analyze and interpret elements of literary texts, citing evidence where appropriate by describing main characters' physical characteristics or personality traits; or providing examples of thoughts, words, or actions that reveal characters' personality traits
- 6 How do the sons react to learning about the treasure in the field?
 - A. They will not let anyone near the land.
 - B. They fight over who will get the most.
 - C. They work long and hard to find the treasure.
 - D. They do not believe the story about the treasure.

Treasure in the Field Literary Text

- **4.5.2 Analyze and interpret elements of literary texts, citing evidence where appropriate by** describing main characters' physical characteristics or personality traits; or providing examples of thoughts, words, or actions that reveal characters' personality traits
- **7** Explain why the father tells the sons there is a treasure in the field. Use information from the folktale to support your answer.

Scoring Guide:

Score	Description
4	Response thoroughly explains why the father tells the sons there is a treasure in the field. Response includes relevant information from the folktale.
3	Response explains why the father tells the sons there is a treasure in the field. Response includes some relevant information from the folktale.
2	Response partially explains why the father tells the sons there is a treasure in the field. Response includes limited information from the folktale.
1	Response is vague or minimal.
0	Response is totally incorrect or irrelevant.
Blank	No response

Training Notes:

Response may explain that the father is old and he needs help but the sons are lazy.

Response may explain that the father wants to teach his sons a lesson or the father wants his sons to learn how to work.

Score Point 4

0

father told t

Response thoroughly explains why the father tells the sons there is a treasure in the field. Response includes relevant information from the folktale.

Score Point 3

7 The father told the sons there is

Response explains why the father tells the sons there is a treasure in the field. Response includes some relevant information from the folktale.

Score Point 2

0

Ø

The father tells the sons that there is treasure in the fields as a trick to get them to work hard together and that its not as auful as it seems and that working hard pays of. The treasure in the field is the rice and then they sell the rice and get the money which s the treasure.

Response partially explains why the father tells the sons there is a treasure in the field. Response includes limited information from the folktale.

Score Point 1 (Example A)

Because he wants them to work.

Response is vague or minimal.

Score Point 1 (Example B)

Think he tell his sons about the treasure so with out knowing it they will be tending the field.

Response is vague or minimal.

Score Point 0

There is no treasure because there
just wasn't any treasure back
in our days. The sons asked if there
really I don't know.

Response is totally incorrect or irrelevant.

- **4.5.2 Analyze and interpret elements of literary texts, citing evidence where appropriate by** describing main characters' physical characteristics or personality traits; or providing examples of thoughts, words, or actions that reveal characters' personality traits
- **8** Ta and Hai decide to plant the field because
 - A. their father asked them to do it.
 - B. they have already dug it up and are almost out of rice.
 - C. they are unhappy and need something to do.
 - D. their father explained what the treasure is.
 - **4.2.1 Students identify the meaning of unfamiliar vocabulary by** using strategies to unlock meaning (e.g., knowledge of word structure, including prefixes/suffixes and base words; or context clues; or other resources, such as dictionaries, glossaries; or prior knowledge)
- **9** In paragraph 23, the word <u>abundant</u> means that the harvest is
 - A. large.
 - B. difficult.
 - C. ready.
 - D. enjoyable.

- **4.5.1 Analyze and interpret elements of literary texts, citing evidence where appropriate by** making logical predictions
- ① At the end of the folktale, what will the sons **most likely** do next?
 - A. sell the land
 - B. tend the field
 - C. return to their studies
 - D. search for treasure
 - 4.5.5 Analyze and interpret elements of literary texts, citing evidence where appropriate by identifying author's message or theme
- **11** What is the message in this folktale?
 - A. Old people have much to learn.
 - B. Neighbors are not blind to the truth.
 - C. Treasure is not always made of gold.
 - D. There is more to life than work.

Treasure in the Field Literary Text

- **4.4.1 Demonstrate initial understanding of elements of literary texts by** identifying or describing character(s), setting, problem/solution, major events, or plot, as appropriate to text; or identifying any significant changes in character(s) over time
- 12 Identify how the sons change in the folktale. Use information from the folktale to support your answer.

Scoring Guide:

Score	Description
4	Response identifies the changes and thoroughly describes how the sons change in the folktale. Response includes relevant information from the folktale.
3	Response identifies the changes and describes how the sons change in the folktale. Response includes some relevant information from the folktale.
2	Response identifies the changes and/or partially describes how the sons change in the folktale. Response includes limited information from the folktale.
1	Response is vague or minimal.
0	Response is totally incorrect or irrelevant.
Blank	No response

Training Notes:

At the beginning, the sons are lazy and do not help their father. At the end of the story, the sons have learned to work hard.

Higher score points (3 and above) will usually mention that the sons are lazy at the beginning of the story as a starting point of the change. Another change might be in the son's understanding of what treasure is.

Score Point 4

12 In the story, the two sons, Ta and Hai, their

Response identifies the changes **and** thoroughly describes how the sons change in the folktale. Response includes relevant information from the folktale.

Score Point 3 (Example A)

The sons change because at first they are lary because they don't do much at all. They don't take care of the house, and when they're supposed to help their father in the field, they always make excuses to get out of it early. They change when their father tells them that there is treasure buried in the field. Then they work very hard because they want the treasure. They don't find it, so they decide to plant rice. They learn that the treasure is gold that they get from the rice.

Response identifies the changes **and** describes how the sons change in the folktale. Response includes some relevant information from the folktale.

Score Point 3 (Example B)

The sons change in the first being larry other being spengetic and strong. It first the sons are larry because they don't clear the house on make dinner. Ofter their father telle them to dig because there is treasure oftey started to feel energetic and strong, they dig all day and planted rice to and sold it so they stopped foling larg. That is how the sons changed.

Response identifies the changes **and** describes how the sons change in the folktale. Response includes some relevant information from the folktale.

Score Point 2 (Example A)

12

they are large at first then
the father tells them that there
is treasure in the field. Then the
dia and realise that the rice is
the treasure, so there not lazy
anymore

Response identifies the changes **and** partially describes how the sons change in the folktale. Response includes limited information from the folktale.

Score Point 2 (Example B)

12

The sons in the folktale change because of greed. One way they change is they are suddenly motivated to work hard, without their father having to nag them. Another way they change is that they feel strong and good instead of sly and slacking. Work is good for them. To and Hai change a lot.

Response identifies the changes **and** partially describes how the sons change in the folktale. Response includes limited information from the folktale.

Score Point 1 (Example A)

Ther got tricked by their father and worked very hard

Response is vague or minimal.

Score Point 1 (Example B)

The SONS Change because they worked hard Out in the garden and they feel strongs and better then ever.

Response is vague or minimal.

Score Point 0

the boxs change because that love theire father vary much.

Response is totally incorrect or irrelevant.

Grade 5 Reading Released Item Information - 2010

Released Item Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Content Strand ¹	WV	WV	LI	LI	LA	LA	LA	LA	WV	LA	LA	LI
GLE Code	4-3	4-3	4-4	4-4	4-5	4-5	4-5	4-5	4-2	4-5	4-5	4-4
Depth of Knowledge Code	2	1	1	2	2	1	3	1	2	2	2	2
Item Type ²	MC	MC	MC	MC	MC	MC	CR	MC	MC	MC	MC	CR
Answer Key	В	C	C	D	В	C		В	A	В	C	
Total Possible Points	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	4

¹Content Strand: WV = Word ID/Vocabulary, LI = Literary/Initial Understanding, LA = Literary/Analysis & Interpretation, II = Informational/Initial Understanding, IA = Informational/Analysis & Interpretation

²Item Type: MC = Multiple Choice, CR = Constructed Response